

Town of Newmarket 395 Mulock Drive P.O. Box 328, Newmarket, Ontario, L3Y 4X7

Email: info@newmarket.ca | Website: newmarket.ca | Phone: 905-895-5193

Zoning By-law Review Staff Report

Report Number: 2018-21

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Department(s): Planning Services

Author(s): Ted Horton, Planner

Meeting Date: June 11, 2018

Recommendations

- 1. That the report entitled Zoning By-law Review dated June 11, 2018 be received;
- 2. That staff provide public notice in accordance with the Planning Act of the Town's intent to amend the zoning by-law;
- 3. That the proposed amendments to Zoning By-Law 2010-40 be referred to a public meeting;
- 4. And that following the public meeting, issues identified in this report, together with comments from the public, Committee, and those received through agency and departmental circulation, be addressed by staff in a comprehensive report to the Committee of the Whole, if required.

Executive Summary

Planning Services has undertaken a review of the Town's zoning by-laws in order to address technical errors, improve clarity and enforceability, respond to changing legislative and judicial decisions, address new circumstances, and consolidate existing by-laws. Committee of the Whole was presented with this effort under Planning and Building Services Report 2017-25.

This report provides more specific detail of the proposed amendments and recommends that they be provided for public and agency consultation before being brought to a statutory public meeting.

Purpose

This report serves to inform Committee of the Whole of the specific recommended amendments for Phase One of the Zoning By-law Review. The recommendations of the report, if adopted, would direct staff to notify the public and agencies of the proposed amendment and organize a statutory public meeting as required by the Planning Act. For clarity and consistency, it is intended that this public meeting occur alongside the statutory public meeting for the Urban Centres Secondary Plan Zoning By-law.

Background

Context

As was presented in Planning and Building Services Report 2017-25, on October 1st, 1979, Council adopted Comprehensive Zoning By-law 1979-50. In the three decades that followed, the by-law was the subject of more than 200 zoning by-law amendments. In 2006, the Town adopted its new Official Plan and in June of 2010 repealed Zoning By-law 1979-50 and enacted the new Zoning By-law 2010-40, save for lands covered by By-law 2003-128 (Oak Ridges Moraine) and a short list of properties spread throughout the town. Since its adoption, Zoning By-law 2010-40 has been the subject of some 38 zoning by-law amendment applications and more than 160 minor variances.

The application of the zoning by-laws to site plan applications, building permits, and inquiries over the past eight years has revealed improvements that can be made. Staff have identified approximately 140 matters to be addressed through the review. Staff propose to undertake a review of existing zoning by-laws in order to address (1) technical errors, (2) improve clarity and enforceability, (3) respond to changing legislative and judicial decisions, (4) address new circumstances, and (5) consolidate zoning by-laws.

Proposal

Staff are prioritizing and dividing the proposed amendments as necessary to address them in manageable and understandable groups. Phase One of the Zoning By-law Review, as presented in this report, will address principally less complex matters. These include amendments from a range of source areas:

- Technical amendments, addressing clarifications and definitions
- Accessibility improvements, improving design standards for accessibility
- Simplifying matters, reducing overlapping requirements and conflicting standards
- Addressing oversights, adding missing definitions and rectifying errors
- Modernising requirements, ensuring emerging and innovative uses are permitted
- Improving design, addressing challenging layout elements

Subsequent phases will address more complex matters as discussed in Planning and Building Services Report 2017-25 including changes in provincial legislation related to Accessory Dwelling Units, judicial/tribunal decisions related to group homes, discrepancies in parking requirements, and policies related to source water protection.

The specific proposed amendments for Phase One are presented in Attachment 1 of this report. Additional non-statutory elements may be included in the final amendment such as illustrations that provide convenient visual tools to understand definitions and regulations of the by-law related to matters such as decks, rooflines, driveways, and others.

If adopted, the recommendations of this report will formally initiate the zoning by-law amendment process to consult the public, refine the proposed changes, and return to Council with recommendations on the amendment of the by-law.

Discussion

The Planning Act requires that a decision of Council in respect of the exercise of any authority that affects a planning matter shall be consistent with the policy statements issued under subsection (1) of the Act, and shall conform with provincial plans in effect on that date, or shall not conflict with them. The policy statement is the Provincial Policy Statement 2014 (the "PPS). The provincial plans comprise the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe 2017 (the "Growth Plan"), the Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan 2017 (the "Oak Ridges Plan"), the Greenbelt Plan 2017 (the "Greenbelt Plan"), and the Niagara Escarpment Plan 2017.

Provincial Policy Statement

The Provincial Policy Statement (PPS) provides policy direction on matters of provincial interest related to land use planning and development. As a key part of Ontario's policy-led planning system, the PPS sets the policy foundation for regulating the development and use of land. It also supports the provincial goal to enhance the quality of life for the citizens of Ontario.

Planning decisions shall be consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement (PPS). The PPS provides for appropriate development while protecting resources of provincial interest, public health and safety, and the quality of the natural environment. The policies of the PPS support improved land use planning and management, which contributes to a more effective and efficient land use planning system.

The policies set out how healthy, liveable and safe communities are to be sustained. This includes promoting efficient development and land use patterns which sustain financial well-being of the Province and municipalities over the long term and accommodating an appropriate range and mix of residential, employment, recreation, parks and open space and other uses to meet long term goals.

The Provincial Policy Statement is intended to be read in its entirety and the relevant policies are to be applied to each situation.

The proposed amendments for this phase are generally minor changes or modifications to existing requirements. A broader evaluation of the degree to which the zoning by-law conforms to the PPS will be undertaken as part of a future update to the Town's Official Plan and the subsequent implementing comprehensive zoning by-law. Staff have reviewed the proposed changes outlined in this report against the policies of the PPS.

Growth Plan

The Growth Plan directs growth to built-up areas designated within municipal official plans. The Growth Plan contains policies directing that municipalities create complete communities, reduce the dependence on private automobile through mixed-use and transit-supportive development; provide for high quality public spaces; support transit, walking, and cycling; implement minimum affordable housing targets in accordance with the PPS; and achieve an appropriate transition of built form to adjacent uses.

The proposed amendments to this by-law do not fundamentally change the land-use permissions in Newmarket. Some amendments are modifications to definitions or ways that performance standards are measured, others improve ease of understanding and administration of the by-law, and still others correct outstanding errors. Some land-use permissions are modified by addressing uses such as microbreweries that were not contemplated by the original zoning by-law, and in these cases they have largely been retained to the zones where similar uses are permitted. Some amendments are updates to standards that flow from governing provincial legislation such as the Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA). Amendments to be proposed in Phase 2 of this review are more substantial and will require greater analysis of compatibility with provincial policies and legislation.

Decisions with respect to planning matters are required to conform to the provisions of the Growth Plan.

York Region Official Plan

Decisions with respect to planning matters are required to conform to the York Region Official Plan (YROP). The policy requirements of the YROP have been integrated into the Town's Official Plan. As outlined above, a broader evaluation of the degree to which the zoning by-law conforms to superior legislative requirements will follow through the Official Plan review process and subsequent implementing zoning by-law. The proposed amendments are intended to update the by-law and address deficiencies without an overhaul of its fundamental elements.

Town of Newmarket Official Plan

Amendments to the Town's zoning by-laws are required to conform to the Town's Official Plan. The amendments proposed as Phase One of the Zoning By-law review are less complex or broad in scope and conform to the Official Plan. Future amendments in subsequent phases may require amendment(s) to the Official Plan to address matters discussed in Planning and Building Services Report 2017-25.

Conclusion

These proposed amendments should be referred to a public meeting as required under the Planning Act. Following this meeting, staff will continue to work with the Town's review partners to revise the proposals and address provided comments. Staff will return to Council with a recommendation report or a by-law, as required, for Council's decision.

Business Plan and Strategic Plan Linkages

Well-equipped & managed

• Service excellence through continuous improvement

Well planned & connected

• Zoning by-laws that are up to date and understandable

Consultation

This report and its appendices were provided to Building Services, Legal Services, Engineering Services, Public Works Services, and Legislative Services for review and comment.

The proposed zoning by-law amendments will be provided to the Town's review partners per standard practice. Notice will be provided to persons and bodies as required by Ontario Regulation 545/06 of the Planning Act.

The recommendations of this report refer the proposed amendments to a statutory public meeting as required by the Planning Act.

Budget Impact

No budgetary impacts are anticipated as a result of this report.

Attachments

• List of proposed amendments

Approval

Ted Horton Planner

Rick Nethery, MCIP, RPP Director of Planning & Building Services

Peter Noehammer, P. Eng. Commissioner Development and Infrastructure Services

Contact

Ted Horton, Planner

thorton@newmarket.ca



Email: info@newmarket.ca | Website: newmarket.ca | Phone: 905-895-5193

Attachment 1: Proposed Amendments

Point to Address	Cause of concern	Proposed amendments	Explanation
Exception 119	The by-law presented two different figures (25% and 20%) for the same requirement in different parts of the text.	 Amend Exception 119 * where it reads: *Notwithstanding Section 4.1.2v), lots with dwellings 1.5 or 2 storeys are permitted to have the lesser of 10% of the total lot area or 75% of the ground floor area of the main building, for roofed accessory buildings or structures in addition to the 20% lot coverage for main dwellings. To instead read: *Notwithstanding Section 4.1.2v), lots with dwellings 1.5 or 2 storeys in height are permitted to have the lesser of 10% of the total lot area or 75% of the ground floor area of the main building, for roofed accessory buildings or structures in addition to the 25% lot coverage for main dwellings. 	Addresses a text error.

Parking	Different uses	Amend Section 5.3.2 to	Establishes a	
requirement for car dealerships	take place on the lot (sales, office, repair) and it has proven difficult to calculate a single parking requirement for the lot.	Motor Vehicle Sales Establishment	1 <i>parking space</i> per 25m ² of gross floor area dedicated to showing, repairing, displaying, and retailing vehicles plus 1 <i>parking space</i> per 45m ² of gross floor	clear requirement for new dealerships. Avoids confusion of changing uses in floor area.
			area to be reserved for visitor/customer parking to a maximum requirement of 10 spaces	
Recreational vehicles	A recent amendment related to recreational vehicle parking did not limit parking in all ways that were intended. The by-law requires greater clarity to indicate that human habitation in vehicles is not	in the front yard, or betw front lot line, unless it is provisions listed below. Add to Section 4.19: x. Human Habit No truck, bus, coach, sti home, trailer or other ve	or utility trailer is permitted yeen the principal structure on a driveway, subject to ation Not Within Main Buil reet car body, railway car, hicle shall be used for hur of the same is mounted on	e and the the recreational vehicles in 'staggered' front yards. Idings mobile Clarifies that human habitation

	permitted.		
Open Outdoor Storage	Some lots with permission to have outdoor accessory storage have stored goods up to the lot line, while any structure would require a setback.	 Amend Section 6.5.1 (*1) for Accessory Outdoor Storage: (*1) Subject to 4.19.X Accessory Outdoor Storage Add to section 4.19: Specific Use Provisions 4.19.X Accessory Outdoor Storage Where permitted, Accessory Outdoor Storage shall: not exceed 30% of the lot area; not be visible from a street; be screened by an opaque fence; only be located in a side and/or rear yard; be located no nearer to a lot line than 1.5 metres or to a street line than 4.5 metres; not be located in any landscaped area or required parking area; and not exceed 4.5m in height. 	Clarifies permitted location and visibility of outdoor storage.
Micro- breweries and similar emerging uses	Currently difficult to establish a micro-brewery based on how restaurant and manufacturing uses are laid out in the by-law.	 Amend the definitions to include: Micro-Industrial use means the small-scale production, processing, packaging and storage of food or beverages, and/or other goods produced in limited quantities, where such an establishment includes an ancillary restaurant, retail food store or retail store use through which such goods are sold or served to the public on-site, and which goods may be sold or distributed wholesale to off-site users or resellers. Amend the permitted uses listed in 6.3, 6.4, and 6.5 to include Micro-Industrial use as a permitted use in the 	Allows micro- industrial uses in all zones where restaurants are allowed.

following zones:	
 CS CR-1 CR-2 UC-D1 UC-D2 EM EG EH Add to section 4.19: Specific Use Provisions	
Add section 4.19.X: Micro-Industrial uses	
Where a <i>Micro-Industrial</i> use is permitted, the following requirements shall apply:	
 i) A <i>Micro-Industrial</i> use is only permitted when accompanied by a <i>retail</i> and/or <i>restaurant use</i> retailing products produced on-site. ii) All production, retailing, and distribution associated with a <i>Micro-Industrial use</i> must take place within a <i>building</i> and no outdoor storage is permitted. Outdoor areas for consumption are permitted subject to all requirements of this by-law. iii) Where permitted in an EG <i>zone, retail</i> associated with a <i>Micro-Industrial use</i> shall not exceed 40% of the GFA of the <i>premises</i> in which it is located. Where permitted in an EH <i>zone, retail</i> associated with a <i>Micro-Industrial use</i> shall not exceed 20% of the GFA of the <i>premises</i> in which it is located. 	

Exception 4	Error in compiling 2010-40 led to	Delete the example and replace	-		one on 482 Qu ving.	een Street	Properly applies the exceptions
	certain site- specific zoning rights not being properly carried forward.	Exception	Zoning CO-XX	Map XX	By-Law Reference 1983-71 1988-138 2017-XX	File Reference	for two properties that were mis- applied.
		iii) Perm	lopment s The per not be le itted uses Only th	tandarc rmitted ess thar : e follc <i>Office</i>	Queen Street ls: commercial flo n forty-five squa owing uses ar or <i>Office</i> in cor	re metres. re permitted:	Re-implements site-specific permissions for that were not carried forward.
					it applies to fo it with the foll By-Law Reference		camed forward.
		iii) Perma.	lopment s Where a commer any resid itted uses Only th <i>Medical</i>	tandarc a reside cial use dential : e follo <i>Office</i> o	1983-70 2017-XX Prospect Stree Is: ential use is cor e, the minimum dwelling unit sh owing uses ar or <i>Office;</i> and two <i>dwelling un</i>	nbined with a floor area of all be 77m ² . re permitted:	

Consistent terminology	Access points from parking areas to the street are inconsistently referred to as "ramps", "accesses". "entrances", or "driveways".	 Amend the following sections to replace the word ramp with driveway or the word ramps with driveways: 5.5 Exception 57 Exception 62 Exception 65 Exception 92 Exception 108 Exception 111 Exception 116 Amend the following sections to replace the word ramp with underground parking driveway ramp: Exception 51 Exception 119 	Makes consistent the use of terminology related to driveway access points.
Food Trucks	Food trucks and mobile restaurants on private property are not addressed by the zoning by- law.	 Add definition: Food Vehicle Food Vehicle means the <i>accessory use</i> that is an outdoor vehicle not permanently affixed to the ground and capable of being moved on a daily basis, from which food and/or refreshments are provided for sale or sold, and includes a motorized, self-propelled vehicle (i.e. food truck), a vehicle that is not self-propelled, but can be towed (i.e. food trailer) and a vehicle moved by human exertion (i.e. food cart). Add to section 4.19: Specific Use Provisions 	Aligns zoning with existing practice. Permits food vehicles on private property.

		Add Section 4.19.X: Food Vehicles	
		 i) Notwithstanding Section 4.1.1, a <i>Food Vehicle</i> as an <i>accessory use</i> is not permitted in a Residential <i>zone</i>, save and except the R5 <i>zone</i>. ii) Notwithstanding Section 5, no parking is required for a <i>Food Vehicle</i>. 	
Motor Vehicle Uses	There are a number of similar motor-vehicle- related uses, with little clarity	Amend section 5.3.2, 4.15, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 to: • delete Motor Vehicle Repair Facility	Simplifies rules of motor-vehicle related uses.
	between the types of activities that are allowed at each of them.	 Amend the definitions to: delete the definition of Motor Vehicle Repair Facility 	Allows for motor vehicle repair of all types except for body shops in
		Amend the definitions of Motor Vehicle Service Shop to read: Means a <i>premises</i> used to conduct repairs of <i>motor</i>	all areas where it was permitted before.
		<i>vehicles</i> of a mechanical or structural nature and may include an associated towing service, and <i>motor vehicle</i> rentals but does not include a <i>motor vehicle body shop</i> or impound yard. May also include a <i>premises</i> used to conduct diagnostic services, minor repairs, equipping of <i>motor vehicles</i> or in which the replacement of incidental parts and services to <i>motor vehicles</i> are completed while the customer waits.	Modifies parking requirements for motor vehicle uses to exclude repair areas from GFA calculations.
		Amend the Section 5.3.2 for the row Motor Vehicle Service Shop and Motor Vehicle Body Shop to:	
		delete the word "including" and replace it with the word	

		"excluding"	
Places of Entertainment Commercial Athletic Centre	Very similar recreational uses with little clarity why there should be a distinction.	 Amend section 5.3.2 to: delete the row for Place of Entertainment Amend the definitions to: delete the definition of <i>Place of Entertainment</i> Amend the definitions of <i>Commercial Athletic Centre</i> to read: 	Simplifies use and complexity by reducing overlapping categories.
		Commercial Recreation Centre	
		Means a commercial establishment in which facilities are provided for recreational athletic activities and may include associated facilities such as a sauna, <i>office</i> space, yoga studio, retail shop and related lounge facilities but shall not include a <i>private club</i> . May also include a <i>premises</i> where leisure activities are offered for gain or profit such as a cinema, arts theatre, billiard or pool rooms, bowling alley, or similar activity for the enjoyment of the public but shall not include an <i>adult entertainment parlour</i> or a <i>nightclub</i> .	
		Amend the by-law to:	
		 delete all reference to <i>Place of Entertainment</i> replace all references to Commercial Athletic Centre with Commercial Recreation Centre add Commercial Recreation Centre as a permitted use in UC-D1 and UC-D2 zones 	

Exception 61	The lands designated as Open Space in by-law 2004-212 had specific language in the amending by-law that was not carried through in full in 2010.	 implement a parking requirement of 1 parking space per 20m² of gross floor area for use by the public. Amend Exception 102 to: replace Place of Entertainment with Commercial Recreation Centre Amend Exception 61 to read: iii) Uses: Only permitted use is as a landscaped buffer and no buildings or structures shall be permitted. 	Clarifies the purpose of the buffer. Ensures that no structures, pools, or other changes are permitted.
6.2.3 (*3) and (*4)	Unclear wording has led to confusion.	 Amend Section 6.2.3 (*3) and (*4) to read: (*3) 6 metres between blocks of row or townhouses or 3 metres from <i>lot line</i>. (*4) 3.6 metres between pairs of link dwellings or 1.8 metres from <i>lot line</i>. 	Reduces confusion in the reading of the by-law.

Decks	Common design	Add to Section 4.2:		Allows for two-
	questions related to decks are not clearly addressed	Where an encroachment is following conditions:	level decks, provided they are not solid.	
	by the by-law.	 i) Decks or patios t may have a deck awning above the a. Any deck is c solid floor b. Any awning is 	This ensures they allow rainwater passage.	
		permanently e extend farthe deck or patio	extended fixture, and does not r from the structure than the or gazebo complies with the	Allows pergolas, subject to existing rules.
		Structure con maximum hei whether they	of a Residential Accessory cerning required setbacks and ght from grade, regardless of are attached to the deck or main ney are detached from same.	Allows awnings. Allows decks to match permitted width of the main structure.
		principal structure yard setback for to the main struc	ng side-yard setback of the e is less than the required side- a deck, a deck that is attached ture may be located as close to is the principal structure.	
Long term	Difficult to apply	Amend Section 5.3.2 as for	More clearly	
care facility parking rate	rate for this type of facility as the number of beds and patients can vary from the number of "dwelling units".	Long Term Care Facility	0.33 <i>parking space</i> per licensed patient bed plus 1 space per 100m ² of <i>gross floor area</i> used for all other purposes	reflects that patient load is tied to beds and not to rooms.

Parking area	Lack of clarity in	Amend Section 5.2	2.2 to read:		Requires the				
design	various sections related to parking	5.2.2 Park	size of parking space for						
	space size and parking area design.	i) The minimur be as follows	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
		Number of required spaces	Parking space configuration	Minimum size	towns, etc) driveways as has				
		Fewer than 5	Parallel	2.6m by 6.7m	been the Town's practice.				
			Perpendicular	2.6m by 5.0m	practice.				
		5 or More	Parallel	2.6m by 6.7m					
			Perpendicular	2.6m by 5.5m	Revises the				
		standards: Angle of Parking Space	Minimum Aisle Width	Direction	to match the requirement of the AODA.				
		45 degrees	4.5 metres	One Way					
					90 de	90 degrees	6.7 metres	Two Way	
	types, and in i) Type m ii) Type	A ("Van"): Minimum B: Minimum size of arking space must I	ed in Section 5.3.6: n size of 3.4m by 5.5 2.6m by 5.5m nave an access aisle						

		two adjacent a width of an acc i) A to v						
Pedestrian access	Site design standards require vehicular access but have no specific standards to require pedestrian connections.	Amend Section or more to add xi) A continuou minimum of 1.8 physically disting provided from a building. If no se will be provided spaces are convehicles will be pedestrian control	Improves pedestrian accessibility.					
Urban Centres	Downtown area should no longer be titled an	Amend the follows:	llowing sections to	replace the terms as	Renames downtown zones to clarify that			
	"Urban Centre",	Section	Section To remove To replace with					
	as this term is used for	4.1.2, 4.2,	4.1.2, 4.2, Urban Centre Downtown					
	Secondary Plan area.	4.14.1	Urban Centre	- Delete section				
		4.21	Urban Centre	Downtown Zone				

		or Urban Centres Secondary Plan zone	
5.3.3	Urban Centre	Delete section outside of UCSP	
5.3.4	Historic Downtown Urban Centre Zone	Downtown Zones	
5.4.1	Urban Centre and Commercial Zones	Downtown and Commercial Zones	
5.4.1	Urban Centre Zones	- Delete section	
5.4.3	Urban Centre Zone	Downtown	
5.6.1	Urban Centre Zones	Downtown Zones	
5.6.3, 5.6.4	Urban Centre	Downtown	
5.7.5	Urban Centre Zones	Downtown Zones	
6.1	Urban Centre Zones	Downtown Zones	
6.4	Urban Centre	Downtown	

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		6.4.1	Zones Historic Downtown Urban Centre Zone (UC-D1) Downtown Urban Centre Zone (UC-D2)	Zones Historic Downtown Zone (UC-D1) Downtown Zone (UC-D2)		
Commercial motor vehicle	Not present in the zoning by-law	or stora permitte enclose stored o Residen Add definition: <i>Commercial moto</i> A motor vehicle, e for commercial pu catering or cantee vans, tow trucks, trucks, tractor trai equipment that is For greater clarity that are used for o	<i>lot</i> within a Residence of any <i>comment</i> and unless wholly loc and garage. Only or or parked within a ntial <i>Zone</i> . <i>or vehicle</i> equipment, or trailed any trucks, a <i>food ve</i> tilt and load trucks lers, semitrailers, or self-propelled or or or, this definition door	er designed to be us er designed to be us es but is not limited <i>ehicle</i> , buses, cube or trailers, dump or construction lesigned to be towe es not include vehic ses but are otherwis	king s not y be y be y be T C V tr sed to: C c tr se of to: C c tr se v u c c v tr v tr c v tr c v tr c v tr c v tr c v tr c c c r r r v tr c c r r r v tr c c r r r v tr c c r r r v tr c c r r r v tr c c r r v tr c c r r v tr c c v tr tr c c v tr tr c c v tr tr c c v tr tr c c c c c c c c c c tr tr tr c c c c	Creates new lefinition for commercial notor vehicle Treats commercial rehicle parking he same as a stility trailer or RV. Clarifies that cars, pickup rucks, and other standard rehicles, even if used for commercial purposes, are

			permitted.
Commercial	Rooftop	Amend definition of Patio, Commercial Rooftop:	Clarifies that
Rooftop Patios	Commercial Patios are defined in the By-law but not specifically permitted or prohibited.	 Patio, Commercial Rooftop Means any portion of a rooftop dedicated as an outdoor serving area that is an <i>accessory use</i> to a <i>restaurant</i> or to a commercial use. Add to section 4.19: Specific Use Provisions 	rooftop patios are permitted Ensures that they are scaled in size to the principal use
		Add to section 4.19.X: Commercial Rooftop Patios	Confirms other
		Restaurants, banquet halls, and other commercial uses shall be permitted to include a <i>commercial rooftop patio</i> as an accessory use, provided that the commercial rooftop patio complies with the following regulations:	applicable design and operational standards.
		 i) A commercial rooftop patio is prohibited in association with an adult entertainment parlour; ii) The maximum size of a commercial rooftop patio is 50 % of the floor area used for the principal use; iii) The design shall be established in accordance with an approved site plan; iv) A commercial rooftop patio must comply with any applicable requirements of the Town's licensing and noise by-laws. 	
Porticoes	Not defined in the by-law, and the	Delete permitted encroachment for Canopies/Porticoes.	Removes ambiguity.
	intent of allowing for certain roofed encroachments is generally	Amend permitted encroachment for Porches to include Porticoes, reading: Porches, Porticoes	Continues to permit covered porches and gives porticoes
	captured by other sections (e.g.	Open, Uncovered or Covered (2.75 metres in height or less	the same

	porches).	above finished grade)	permission.
Exception 119 and Building Heights	The current definition does not specify that average front grade is to be used, which is the existing practice.	Amend Exception 119 Section ii) a) to read: Maximum Height: 10.0 metres For the purposes of this exception, height shall be measured from the average front grade of the dwelling to the highest portion of the roof.	Maintains control over the exterior built form and retains the existing height limit.
Landscaping in the front yard	The by-law currently limits the amount of 'hard landscaping' that can be present in the driveway through specific limits on each type of feature, but does not clearly state that it is required that where such features are not permitted that 'soft landscaping' must be retained.	 Add definitions: Landscaped Area Means the part of a lot located outdoors that is used for the placement of any or a combination of the following elements: Soft landscaping: An open, unobstructed area that supports the growth of vegetation such as grass, trees, shrubs, flowers or other plants and permits infiltration into the ground. Soft landscaping must allow for the planting of, and sustaining of plant material. Hard landscaping Means an area of non-vegetative materials such as brick, pavers, rock, stone, concrete, tile and wood, including such features as a walkway, patio, deck or in-ground pool. Add section 4.24: Residential front yards General Requirements: 	Creates new definitions for soft and hard landscaping Clarifies that a certain portion of front yards must remain as soft landscaping

		<i>Front yards</i> of <i>residential lots</i> are required to maintain all areas of the <i>yard</i> that are not occupied by a legal <i>driveway</i> , <i>walkway</i> , <i>structure</i> , or permitted encroachment as <i>soft landscaping</i> .	
Legal Non- conforming Structures	The text related to legal nonconforming structures and structures requiring restoration to a safe condition is unclear. The intent is to retain acquired rights and not grant any additional permissions.	 Amend Section 4.8 to read: 4.8 LEGAL NON-CONFORMING USES This By-Law shall not prevent the use of any land, building or structure for any purpose prohibited by this By-Law if such land, building or structure was lawfully used for such purpose on the day of passing of this By-Law, and provided that such land, building or structure continues to be used for that purpose. 4.8.1 Restoration to a Safe Condition Nothing in the By-Law shall prevent the strengthening to a safe condition or the reconstruction of any building or structure or part of any such building or structure that is used for a legally non-conforming use as provided for in Section 4.8, provided such alteration or repair does not increase the height, size or volume or change the use of such building or structure. 	Retains acquired rights as required by law. Clarifies that illegally non- conforming structures may not be reconstruct-ed.
GFA	Unclear definition.	Amend the following definitions to read:	Clarifies which
definition		<i>Floor Area, Gross</i> Means the aggregate of all floor areas of a <i>building</i> or <i>structure</i> , which floor areas are measured between the exterior faces of the exterior walls of the <i>building</i> at each floor level but excluding any <i>porch</i> , veranda, <i>cellar</i> , mechanical room or penthouse, or areas dedicated to parking within the <i>building</i> . For the purposes of this definition, the walls of an inner court shall be deemed to be exterior walls.	floor areas are included in GFA and NFA calculations

		<i>Floor Area, Net</i> Means the aggregate of the floor areas of a <i>building</i> , but excluding common hallways, stairways, elevator shafts, service/mechanical rooms, washrooms, garbage/recycling rooms, staff locker and lunch rooms, loading areas, areas dedicated to parking within the <i>building</i> , and any space with a floor to ceiling height of less than 1.8 metres.	
Porches	The encroachment provisions for porches are unclear in how they intend to limit porch height.	 Amend the section of the encroachment table in Section 4.2 related to Porches to read: Porches - Open, Uncovered or Covered with a platform no higher than the floor of the first storey of the building above established grade 	Maintains ability of porches to encroach into required yards to the same degree, clarifies the limits on porch height.
Pools	Uncertainty as to whether they are permitted in the floodplain. Lack of clarity related to pool patios and decks has led to installation of them up to property lines.	 Add section 4.4 vii: In the Floodplain and Other Natural Hazards (FP-NH) zone as delineated by the Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority, swimming pools are permitted subject to the requirements of the LSRCA. Amend Section 4.4 iii): Any patio, deck, residential structure, accessory, or other structure associated with a pool shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions contained in this Zoning Bylaw including Section 4.2. 	Requires the appropriate permit from the LSRCA for pools in the flood plain Clarifies that all elements of a pool are subject to the same requirements as other hard landscaping (patios, decks,

			etc).
Repeal of Former By- laws	Mis-cited by-law number for Oak Ridges Moraine	Amend Section 1.9 a) i) Subject to 2003-121 (Oak Ridges Moraine)	Corrects a mis- citation of the by- law number referring to the Oak Ridges Moraine zoning by-law
Single detached dwellings	Providing greater clarity that a typical single detached dwelling lot permits one home.	Add to section 4.19: Specific Use Provisions Add section 4.19.X: Single Detached Dwellings For greater clarity, unless otherwise specified in this by-law, where a <i>dwelling, detached</i> is permitted as a use only one <i>dwelling, detached</i> is permitted on the <i>lot</i> .	Maintains existing practice with clearer language.
Nightclubs	The Town does not license nightclubs, but the zoning by-law sets out that they are subject to municipal licensing requirements.	Delete Section 6.5.1 (*6).	Corrects the statement regarding municipal licensing. Continues to require appropriate licensing by the AGCO
Floodplain	The incorrect section of the	Amend Section 7.1.1 to read:	Clarifies the appropriate

and the PPS	Provincial Policy Statement is cited with regard to uses prohibited.	 Prohibited Uses The following <i>uses</i> are not permitted within the Floodplain and Other Natural Hazards (FP-NH) Zone as determined by the Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority: <i>Group Home</i>; <i>Special Needs Facility</i>; <i>Accessory Dwelling Unit</i>, and, All other <i>uses</i> in accordance with Section 3.1.5 of the Provincial Policy Statement, or its successor thereto. 	section of the PPS for prohibited uses.
Exceptions 11 and 12	Incorrect addresses were used to carry forward this site- specific building height permission.	Amend the zoning by-law maps to show:	Corrects the properties captured by the exception.
852 Gorham	Is incorrectly zoned as an R1-B property, notwithstanding its long use as a	Amend the zoning for the property to add an exception to permit: a Veterinary Clinic a Veterinary Hospital	Recognizes the existing use. Maintains existing built form

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	veterinary clinic.		permissions.
820 Gorham	Has R1-B zoning despite being a church, is a holdover from past by-law allowing churches in R zones.	Amend the zoning for the property to I-B.	Recognizes the existing use. Establishes standard built form permissions.
Long-term care facility definition	The zoning by-law is unclear on the definitions and standards applicable to retirement residences.	Add definition of Retirement Residence: Retirement Residence means a building or part of a building licensed in accordance with applicable provincial legislation that is designed and used to provide accommodation primarily to retired persons or couples where each private bedroom or suite of rooms comprising a living unit has a separate private bathroom and separate entrance from a common hall but where common facilities for the preparation and consumption of food are provided, and where common lounges, recreation rooms and medical care facilities may also be provided.	Clarifies that retirement residences are a permitted use, and not only as assisted-living long term care facilities Ensures that both public and private facilities
		Amend Section 6 to permit a Retirement Residence in the following zones:	are permitted Establishes
		UC-R, UC-D1, UC-D2, I-A, I-B	zones where they are permitted similar
		Amend Section 5 to add the following parking requirement:	to long term care facilities, save for the hospital
		Retirement Residence:	zones
		0.5 <i>parking space</i> per unit <i>plus 0.25 parking spaces</i> per unit for visitors	Establishes a parking requirement

					similar to long- term care facilities
Eaves	The encroachment provision is unclear as to exactly what portions of a roof edge are included. The permitted encroachments do not reflect common building practice.	Amend Section 4.2 Permitted Structure or Feature Eaves, eavestroughs, gutters, or similar features	Applicable Required Yard(s) Any <i>Yard</i>	es to read: Required Setback or Permitted Encroachment May encroach into a required <i>yard</i> a maximum of 0.7 metres, and may be no closer to a lot line than 0.3 metres.	Clarifies eaves may encroach into interior side yards only, and that the troughs have no greater permissions than the eaves.
Outdoor parking	The by-law requires all parking to be outdoor. This would exclude any underground or structured parking.	Amend the introduce The minimum, off-st residential uses shat Add (*x) to the required Dwelling, Detached Detached; Dwelling (*x) Required parking any garage unless of	reet parking require Il be as follows: uirement in Sectio d; Dwelling, Link; I g, Duplex; and Dw	ements for n 5.3.1 for Dwelling, Semi- elling, Townhouse.	Continues to require 2 exterior spaces for ground-related dwelling units. Recognizes structured parking for other uses.
Garbage	No zoning standards for	Add Section 4.X : 0 Garbage containme	-	-	Establishes standards for

	regulations related to daycares have	Amend (5) to read: (*) A Private Home Daycare must adhere to the	Provincial regulations for
	and not others. Provincial	Amend Section 6.2.1 to:	Defers to the
Private home daycares	daycares are permitted in some types of residential units	Include Private Home Daycare as a permitted use in R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 zones.	Allows private home daycares in all residential zones.
Driverte harres	Private home	A <i>building</i> used for garbage containment or a garbage enclosure shall be located in accordance with an approved site plan. Amend Section 6.2.1 to:	
		 Any Open Space zone; or Any lot containing an Apartment Building. A structure primarily used for garbage containment or a garbage enclosure shall not be located: In a front yard; In an exterior side yard; In any minimum yard abutting a Residential, Institutional, Urban Centre, or Open Space Zone; or Within any required landscaped areas. 	where outdoor garbage enclosures can be located. Requires garbage to be kept within the enclosure.
enclosures	locations of garbage enclosures.	 <i>building,</i> or a garbage enclosure surrounded by an opaque fence no less than 1.8m in height, in the following <i>zones</i> or where the following <i>uses</i> are being undertaken: Any Commercial <i>zone</i>; Any Employment <i>zone</i>; Any Institutional <i>zone</i>; 	zones where waste can be handled outside or inside. Establishes standards for

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	changed.	requirements of the Child Care and Early Years Act or its successor legislation. For greater clarity, this act limits the number of children who may be supervised at any one time in a private home daycare. Amend the definition of Private Home Daycare to read:	limits on numbers of children.
		Private Home Daycare	
		Means the use of a dwelling unit for temporary care of children in exchange for compensation for a continuous period not exceeding 24 hours.	
R-X (G, K, L, M, N) zones	Several types of lots were left without exterior side yard setbacks.	Amend Section 6.2.2 to: Add an Exterior Side Lot Line setback of 3.0m for G, K, and N lots and 2.4m for L & M lots.	Ensures appropriate setbacks for exterior side yards.
			Provides clarity of expectations for built form.
R-X (P & R) zones	Several types of lots were left without maximum lot coverages.	Amend Section 6.2.2 to: Include 50% as maximum lot coverage for P & R lots.	Provides certainty of a reasonable maximum in cases of additions.
R-X (CP) zones	Zoning provides for no maximum driveway width for condominium	 Amend Section 6.2.2 to add an exception * to Minimum and Maximum Driveway Width for CP lots to read: Not to exceed the lesser of two-thirds of the frontage of a <i>lot</i> or the façade of the <i>dwelling unit</i> or <i>building</i> 	Provides a scalable maximum depending on

	residential zones.	with which the parking space is associated, and not to be less than 3.0m in width.	building frontage.
Domestic animal care facilities	Lack of clarity that domestic animal care facilities are meant to be 'doggy day-cares' and not kennels.	Amend definition of Domestic Animal Care Facility to read: Domestic Animal Care Facility Means a service commercial establishment in which domestic animals are cared for on a short term daily basis in an open setting and may include accessory grooming and training facilities but excludes a <i>kennel</i> .	Clarifies that domestic animal care facilities are doggie daycares and not breeding kennels.
		Add definition Kennel: Means premises used for boarding, training, or breeding of dogs, cats, or other domestic animals. For greater clarity, does not include a <i>Domestic Animal Care Facility</i> .	
Antennas and Satellite Dishes	Zoning regulates the number of satellite dishes but does not address antennas.	 Amend section 4.1.5 to read: 4.1.5 Satellite Dishes and Antennas Satellite dishes with a maximum width of 1.0 metre each are permitted in any <i>zone</i> provided they are mounted on an exterior wall, roof or chimney of a <i>building</i> of the <i>lot</i> on which it is located. Antennae with a maximum height of 1.5 metres greater than the permitted maximum height for the building to which they are affixed are permitted in any <i>zone</i> provided they are mounted on an exterior wall, roof or chimney of a building to which they are affixed are permitted in any <i>zone</i> provided they are mounted on an exterior wall, roof or chimney of 	Recognizes an ongoing need for antennae. Permits antennae in much the same fashion as satellite dishes. Allows either type of fixture on

Definition of attached	The by-law lacks clarity for when a structure should be treated as being "attached".		<i>Cone</i> , not more that hae shall be permit .2 to add: res: Permitted in any <i>yard</i> .	Not closer than 0.2m from any <i>lot line</i> .	any building on the lot. Limits height of antennae. Clarifies what constitutes a connected structure Limits the permissions accorded to an attached structure to those that are truly part of the same building.
Cross- references	Lack of cross- reference can make determining all applicable	Amend 5.3.3 to ir iv) Shall be 5.4.1.		ance with Section	Reduces oversight of related sections.

	sections difficult for applicants.		
Carpool spaces	Carpool spaces are required, but they are not defined in their use, location, or enforcement.	Add definition: Carpool space or High Occupancy Vehicle Space A designated parking space for vehicles to be used only by vehicles carrying more than one occupant.	Requires parking spaces designated as carpool to be reserved for carpool users.
		 Amend section 5.3.7 to read: Carpool parking spaces shall be provided in conjunction with developments involving financial institution, hospital, library, medical clinic, medical office, medical laboratory, office, elementary school, secondary school, or postsecondary school uses and shall be included as part of the overall parking requirement as the lesser of: i) 5% of the total required parking supply for any of these non-residential uses, or ii) 2.0 parking spaces For each required carpool parking space provided the total parking requirement may be reduced by 2 spaces. Carpool parking spaces shall be located in immediate proximity to the principal entrance of the building, second only to parking spaces reserved as barrier-free parking spaces. iii) Carpool spaces are to be reserved for the exclusive use of vehicles carrying more than one occupant. Carpool spaces are to be indicated with Town-approved signage. 	Requires carpool space location to be prioritized.

Bicycle	Lack of standards leads to bike	Add the definitions:		Defines types of
parking	parking being	Bicycle Parking Space, Long-term		bicycle parking spaces.
	provided in less than optimal locations. Long-term bicycle parking are spaces that are building, enclosed in a lockable locker, or enc secured area with controlled access.			Provides standards for
	Distinction	Bicycle Parking Space, Short	t-term	their number, size and
	between "internal" and "external" bicycle parking spaces does not adequately capture the range	Short-term bicycle parking are spaces that are located outdoors, on a bicycle rack, or in an easily accessible location.		location.
		 Amend Section 5.3.8 to read: i) Bicycle parking spaces shall be provided as follows: 		
		<u>Use</u> Retail, Service Commercial, <i>Office</i> , Institutional	Required Bicycle 2 Long-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces and 5 Short-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces space for every 1000m ² of gross floor area	

	ial 2 Long Torm Diavala	
manufacturing/industi	rial 2 Long-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces and 2 Short-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces space for every 1000m ² of <i>gross floor area</i>	
School	0.06 Long-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces and 0.06 Short-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces for each 100 square metres of gross floor area	
Apartment Building	0.5 Long-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces per dwelling unit and 0.1 short-term spaces per dwelling unit	
a <i>building</i> , they shall a. on the ground flo b. on the second flo ground floor if the bi accessible via an el <i>Bicycle parking spa</i>	or; or or or the first level below the icycle parking spaces are evator or an entrance at grade. ces as required by this by-law	
shall not be located a. in a dwelling unit; b. on a balcony.		

		 ii) The minimum dimension of a bicycle parking is: a. minimum length of 1.8 metres; b. minimum width of 0.6 metres; and c. minimum vertical clearance from the groun 1.9 metres; and iii) the minimum dimension of a bicycle parking splaced in a vertical position on a wall, structumechanical device is: a. minimum length or vertical clearance of 1. metres; b. minimum width of 0.6 metres; and c. minimum length or vertical clearance of 1. metres; b. minimum width of 0.6 metres; and c. minimum horizontal clearance from the ware 1.2 metres; and iv) A bicycle parking space must be on the same the use for which it is required. 	nd of space if re or 9 all of			
Landscape buffers	This section conflicts with other sections that allow visitor parking closer to property lines. It would be clearer and more predictable to have a standard	Amend Section 4.14.2 to read:In addition to the requirements of Section 4.14.1, inEmployment Zones, landscape buffers shall be provadjacent to street lines except for land used toaccommodate pedestrian and vehicular access to thSuch buffers shall be established as follows:Location of LandscapeBufferDefension	ided buffer to reflect what is more common in the area.			
	buffer with no parking permitted in it.	Front Yard6.0 metresExterior Side and Rear3.0 metres	landscape buffer is not meant to be a parking lot.			
	W/rong tupo of	• 4.14.X.	4.14.3 (iv) to re-nu			
----------------------------------	--	--	--	---	---------------------	---
Landscape Buffer Plantings	Wrong type of size measure for each type of plant.	Any required plan height of 1500mm diameter measure 60mm for decidue spread of 450mm	4.14.1 (iii) to read nting in a buffer stri n for coniferous ve ed at a height of 1. ous vegetation, and n for shrubs, but sh of 1.0 metres withir	ip shall have a min getation, a minimu 4m from grade of d a minimum heigh all not be permitte	im nt or d to	Establishes a minimum size for coniferous trees, deciduous trees, and shrubs.
Accessibility lifts	Accessibility ramps enjoy a generous encroachment provision that is not extended to lifts.	that permits users Accessibility Lift A vertical platform	np installed in additions to access a groun n lift that is not end d to raise a user to	nd <i>floor</i> from <i>grade</i> losed or	9.	Ensures that encroach-ment permissions for accessibility features are not used to misrepresent other design elements.
		Permitted Structure or	Applicable Required	Required Setback or		

		Feature Accessibility Ramps or Wheelchair Lifts (*2)	Yard(s) Permitted in any <i>yard</i>	Permitted Encroachment No required setback		
		in 12. A Wheelch than the first store area no greater th Amend all refere	<i>air Lift</i> is permitted	air ramps :	er	
Shipping containers	By-law does not specifically address shipping containers for storage or as a structure.	Add definition: Shipping Contain Means a containe goods and materi rail, notwithstandi purpose. Amend Section	Allows the use of shipping containers. Requires their external appearance to match the main building.			
		of <i>shipping conta</i> clad with exterior	<i>iner</i> (s), the access	de up in whole or in sory building shall b similar to those use	e	Subjects them to the same setback and

		building requirements as any other type of structure.
Driveway definition doesn't work well with non-rectilinear lots. Reverse-slope driveways are not	Amend the definition of Walkway, Residential to read: Walkway, Residential A hard surface path leading from the front or exterior wall of a <i>dwelling unit</i> to a curb, street, sidewalk, or rear <i>yard</i> , no wider than 1.2 metres and, if adjacent to a <i>driveway</i> shall be of a different material from the <i>driveway</i> . A <i>walkway</i> may not be used for vehicular parking.	Limits single residential lots to one walkway to prevent the over- paving of lots and creation of improper parking surfaces.
addressed, and can lead to basement flooding.(*#) A single Walkway, Residential is per R1, R2, R3, and R4 except as provided f site plan agreement. A Walkway, Reside exceed 1.2m in width, save that where a Residential approaches the door of a strumay exceed 1.2m insofar as it then beco definition and encroachment provisions of clarity, lots are also required to comply w	(*#) A single <i>Walkway, Residential</i> is permitted for zones R1, R2, R3, and R4 except as provided for in an approved site plan agreement. A <i>Walkway, Residential</i> shall not exceed 1.2m in width, save that where a <i>Walkway,</i> <i>Residential</i> approaches the door of a structure, its width may exceed 1.2m insofar as it then becomes and fulfills the	Clarifies that parking is only permitted in a driveway.
	clarity, lots are also required to comply with all other provisions of the by-law related to yard landscaping	measure driveway width.
	(*#) Parking of motor vehicles is only permitted in a driveway in zones R1, R2, R3, and R4 except as otherwise provided for in this by-law or in an approved site plan agreement.	Prohibits reverse-slope driveways except as provided for in site plan agreements.
	definition doesn't work well with non-rectilinear lots. Reverse-slope driveways are not addressed, and can lead to basement flooding. Multiple driveway provisions have led to increased loss of yard and	 definition doesn't work well with non-rectilinear lots. Reverse-slope driveways are not addressed, and can lead to basement flooding. Multiple driveway provisions have led to increased loss of yard and sidewalk conflicts. Walkway, Residential A hard surface path leading from the front or exterior wall of a <i>dwelling unit</i> to a curb, street, sidewalk, or rear <i>yard</i>, no wider than 1.2 metres and, if adjacent to a <i>driveway</i> shall be of a different material from the <i>driveway</i>. A <i>walkway</i> may not be used for vehicular parking. Amend Section 6.2.3 to add: (*#) A single <i>Walkway, Residential</i> is permitted for zones R1, R2, R3, and R4 except as provided for in an approved site plan agreement. A <i>Walkway, Residential</i> shall not exceed 1.2m in width, save that where a <i>Walkway, Residential</i> approaches the door of a structure, its width may exceed 1.2m insofar as it then becomes and fulfills the definition and encroachment provisions of a <i>Landing</i>. For clarity, lots are also required to comply with all other provisions of the by-law related to yard landscaping including Section 4.24. (*#) Parking of motor vehicles is only permitted in a driveway in zones R1, R2, R3, and R4 except as otherwise provided for in this by-law or in an approved site plan

Nothing in this by-la a walkway or drivew approved through a Permit, Site Plan Ag Town of Newmarke <i>walkway, residentia</i> Amend Section 4.2	Allows for side- yard walkways to be treated the same as patio areas in rear and side yards as close as 0.6m.		
Permitted Structure or Feature Walkway, residential	Applicable Required Yard(s) <i>Front, interior</i> <i>side,</i> and <i>exterior</i> <i>side yard</i>	Required Setback or Permitted Encroachment No required front or exterior side yard setback. Must maintain 0.6m setback from interior side lot line.	Removes multiple driveway access point provisions for low-density residential lots.
Patios, Uncovered	Urban Centre and Commercial <i>Zones</i> : front and <i>exterior side</i> <i>yards</i> . All other <i>Zones</i> : rear and <i>side</i>	No required setback. No closer than 0.6 metres from the <i>lot line</i> .	

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	v o rado	1			
	yards.				
Add definition:					
Landing	Landing				
Means a surfaced, open space of land at <i>grade</i> , adjacent to a residential <i>use</i> , which is adjacent to stairs, steps, or a door providing access to the <i>building</i> or <i>structure</i> with which it is associated and connected to a <i>driveway</i> , pathway or <i>walkway</i> .					
Amend the definiti	on of Driveway, Wi	dth of to read:			
Means the widest he includes any portion contiguous to a <i>driv</i> storage of a <i>motor</i> w	n of hard landscaping eway or <i>parking spa</i>	g or pavement ice where parking or			
Amend Section 6.2	2.3 to add:				
(*#) for a Dwelling U an opening to an arc storage of a vehicle shall be:	ea that may be used	l for parking or			
(A) higher than the e measured at its cen leading to the parkir	terline directly acros	et the lot abuts s from the driveway			
(B) higher than the e abuts measured at i driveway leading to	ts centerline directly				

		except as provided for in	n an approved	site plan agreem	nent.			
		Amend the definition of To strike the clause "burwalkways". Delete Section 5.5 iii).		ide pathways or				
Residential Accessory Structures	Confusion over setback provisions related to accessory structures, detached garages, residential accessory structures, and corner lots.	to read: Residential Structure, A Means accessory struct habitation, but the use of incidental to, subordinat principal residential use same lot therewith. Res include, but are not limit private play structure; ge private greenhouse; she structures; standalone a	Amend definition of Residential Structure, Accessory to read: Residential Structure, Accessory Means accessory structures that are not used for human habitation, but the use of which is naturally and normally incidental to, subordinate to, or exclusively devoted to, the principal residential use or dwelling and located on the same lot therewith. Residential accessory structures may include, but are not limited to: a change house/cabana; private play structure; gazebo; dog house or dog run; private greenhouse; shed; patio shelter; portable tent structures; standalone antennae or satellite dishes; and, standalone solar panels; but shall not include a detached					
		Amend Section 4.2 en Permitted Structure or Feature	Applicable F Required S Yard(s) F	Required Setback or Permitted	l: a st si e th	Clarifies that ccessory tructures are a ingle permitted ncroachment nat cannot enefit from		

Drop awnings, clothes poles, flag poles, ornamental light poles, basketball nets, retaining walls, fences or other similar accessory structures	Permitted in any <i>yard</i>	No required setback	additional encroachment such as balconies.
Amend definition of C	arport to rea	ad:	
Carport			
Means a <i>building</i> or <i>strumain building</i> , which is a area of its walls, and mastorage of one or more			
Amend Section 4.1.2 t	o read:		
4.1.2 Accesso	ry Buildings a	and Structures	
Accessory buildings, s in all zones subject to	ed		
i. The principle already be esta		ng or s <i>tructure</i> m the same <i>lot</i> .	nust
may be used	d for huma	<i>building or struc</i> an habitation or specifically permi	an

	by thi	s By-Law.			
iii.	iii. Unless otherwise specified, accessory buildings and structures shall comply with the following requirements.				
iv.	 iv. Accessory buildings and structures are not permitted additional encroachments under Section 4.2 for structural or ornamental features. 				
fea	rmitted ture or ucture	Measure	Requirement		
gar a res	tached age in idential	Location	Comply with all applicable yard requirements of the zone in which they are located		
zor	zone	Height	Lesser of 4.6m or the height of the main building on the lot		
acc	cessory uctures	Location and height	In accordance with Section 4.2		
buil	cessory Idings uctures	Total lot coverage	Residential zones: Lesser of 15% of the total lot area or 75% of the ground floor area of the main building on the lot		

	Height	All other zones: 15% of the lot area Residential, UC, and C zones: Lesser of 4.6m or the height All other zones: The maximum permitted height of the zone in which the accessory structure is located	
	Corner lot location	Commercial or Employment Zone abutting any Residential Zone: Distance equal to the minimum required front yard of the abutting residential zone	
<i>acces</i> be se the re v) The t	ssory struction etback from equirements of total lot cove	Section 4.1.2 (iii) above, ures in a residential <i>zone</i> shall the <i>lot line</i> in accordance with of Section 4.2 of this By-Law. erage of all Accessory Buildings a <i>lot</i> shall be as follows:	

	_		
	Zone	Maximum Total	
		Lot Coverage	
	Residential	the lesser of 15%	
	Zones	of the total <i>lot</i> area or 75% of	
		the ground floor	
		area of the main	
	All Other Zones		
		area	
vi)	The maximum hei	ght of an accessory b	uilding or
	structure shall be a		
	Zone	Movimum Hoight of	
	Zone	Maximum Height of Accessory Structures	3
	Residential,	the lesser of 4.6	6
	Urban Centre	metres or the heigh	
	and Commercial	of the main building	g
	Zones	on the <i>lot</i>	
	All Other Zones	the maxim	um
		permitted <i>height</i> of t	
		•	the
		accessory structure	is
		located	
vii)	Notwithstanding a	ny other provision of th	is By-Law.
		essory buildings or stru	
	a corner lot shall be		

			Zones Residential Zones	Applicable Yards Rear Yard or Exterior Side Yard	Minimum Required Setback 4.5 metres from flanking street		
			Commercial or Employment <i>Zone</i> Abutting any Residential <i>Zone</i>	Exterior Side Yard	Distance equal to the depth of the minimum required <i>front yard</i> of the abutting Residential <i>Zone</i>		
Fuel tanks	No existing regulations related to propane and fuel storage.	to add t include fuel tank	definition of Res he following wor d: with a capacity o section 4.19: Spe	Permits a fuel tank in the same manner as a shed, requiring a setback from lot lines and limiting yards where they can be placed.			

		 4.19.x Fuel Tanks Where fuel tanks at shall apply to their lines i) In a reside with the paccesson ii) In any othan appropination iii) In any zo requirem Safety An applicable 	Defers to CSA and TSSA on safety and volume limits. Prohibits encroachment of fuel tanks larger than 1499L.		
Fireplaces	No specific standards for where an outdoor fireplace can be located.	Amend Section 4.	2 to add: Applicable Required Permitted in any <i>yard</i> of a residential <i>zone</i>	Required Setback or Permitted No closer than 4 metres from the edge of the area capable of holding a flame to any lot line, building, structure, deck, hedge, tree, fence, right- of-way, or overhead wire, subject to the Town's By- law to Regulate Outdoor Burning 2009-64 or its successor by-law, as applicable.	Applies the existing requirements of the outdoor fire by-law through the zoning by- law. Allows for limited outdoor fires, subject to certain setbacks.

AODA standards and barrier-free parking	Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act requires different standards for parking than 2010-40, and the AODA supersedes.	Off-street barri provided in ac barrier-free pa not additional t spaces.	er Free Parking Spa ier free <i>parking spac</i> cordance with the fo rking spaces are inc to, required non-barr inimum barrier free p	ces shall be bllowing. Provided luded within, and rier-free parking	Applies the requirement of the AODA to the number and design of barrier- free parking spaces. Provides for a higher rate of
	Total number of parking spaces provided 1 to 12 13 to 25	Required Type A Spaces (Van) 1	Required Type B Spaces 0	barrier-free parking spaces for medical uses.	
		26 to 50 51 to 75	1	1 2	

		1	11
76 to 100	2	2	
101 to 133	2	3	
134 to 166	3	3	
167 to 250	3	4	
251 to 300	4	4	
301 to 350	4	5	
351 to 400	5	5	
401 to 450	5	6	
451 to 500	6	6	
501 to 550	6	7	
551 to 600	7	7	
601 to 650	7	8	
651 to 700	8	8	

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		-			
		701 to 750	8	9	
		751 to 800	9	9	
	801 to 850	9	10		
		851 to 900	10	10	
		901 to 950	10 11		
		951 to 1000	11	11	
		1001 and over	11 spaces plus 1% number of spaces next whole numbe equally between T odd number of spa the extra space ma		
		Note: Where an uneven number of accessible parking spaces are required, the extra Type B space may be changed to a Type A space.			
		Notwithstanding barrier free park clinics and facilit be the greater of or 10% of the t the use, providin			

		free spaces of e	ach type of ⁻	Type A and T	уре В.		
Coverage	Definition of Lot Coverage is unclear. It is intended to encompass all areas of a lot covered by a roofed structure.	Means the percentage of the <i>lot</i> area covered by all <i>buildings</i> , <i>structures</i> or parts thereof, at or above <i>average grade</i> or <i>established grade</i> , exclusive of uncovered <i>decks</i> , uncovered <i>porches</i> , and outdoor swimming <i>pools</i> .			Clarifies that all structures contribute to lot coverage, regardless of if they have ground-floor footprint.		
parking tenant/mult business properties I uses whose parking der do not typic peak at the time, but th not able to from the cu	properties have uses whose parking demands do not typically peak at the same time, but they are not able to benefit from the current	required parking for development mean in the tables in this in the tables, its re hundred percent o	formula may be used for the calculation of or a mixed use development. A mixed use ns any combination of uses provided for s section. Where a use is not provided for equirement at each time period is one		Recognizes that evolving uses are not captured by the existing zoning by-law but have parking demands that are complementary to others.		
	shared parking provisions	Type of Use	Percentag (Weekday	ge of Peak Pe ⁄)	eriod	Supports small	
			Morn	Aft	Even	making more	
		Industrial or office	100%	100%	10%	flexible standards for their location in	
		Recreational	25%	80%	100%	multi-unit developments.	

Assembly 10% 25% 100% Reduces burden on multi-unit building owners to occupy units to office Morn Aft Even Industrial or office 10% 10% 10% town office by establishing a standard parking rate for small industrial plazas that matches the rate they were commonly developed under. Hotel 80% 80% 100% townonly developed under. For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses. modelsection of the place of		Hotel	80%	80%	100%	
Type of UsePercentage of Peak Period (Weekend)building owners to occupy units by establishing a standard parking rate for small industrial or officeMornAftEvenIndustrial or office10%10%10%industrial plazas that matches the rate they were commonly developed under.Recreational90%100%100%eveloped under.Hotel80%80%100%eveloped under.For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.Huiding owners to accupy units by establishing a standard parking rate for small industrial plazas that matches the rate they were commonly developed under.		Assembly	10%	25%	100%	
Type of UsePercentage of Peak Period (Weekend)to occupy units by establishing a standard parking rate for small industrial or officeto occupy units by establishing a standard parking rate for small industrial plazas that matches the rate they were commonly developed under.Recreational90%100%100%Hotel80%80%100%Hotel80%90%100%For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.Hotel						
MornAftEvenIndustrial or office10%10%10%Industrial or office10%10%10%Recreational90%100%100%Hotel80%80%100%Assembly90%90%100%For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.		Type of Use		•	eriod	to occupy units by establishing a
Industrial or office10%10%10%10%that matches the rate they were commonly developed under.Recreational90%100%100%that matches the rate they were commonly developed under.Hotel80%80%100%that matches the rate they were commonly developed under.For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.			Morn	Aft	Even	rate for small
Hotel80%100%Hotel80%80%Assembly90%90%100%			10%	10%	10%	that matches the
Hotel80%80%100%Assembly90%90%100%For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.		Recreational	90%	100%	100%	commonly
For the purposes of this section: a Recreational use includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.		Hotel	80%	80%	100%	•
includes Commercial Athletic Centres, Places of Entertainment, Studios, and similar uses; an Industrial or Office use includes Medical Offices, Manufacturing, and similar uses; and Assembly uses include Places of Worship, Banquet Facilities, and similar uses.		Assembly	90%	90%	100%	
Amend Section 5.3.5 i) c) to read: a building or group of <i>buildings</i> on the same <i>lot</i> containing a mix of <i>office</i> or <i>medical office</i> , <i>commercial uses</i> and <i>dwelling units</i> ; or,		includes Commer Entertainment, St Office use include similar uses; and Worship, Banque Amend Section S a building or grou mix of office or me	cial Athletic udios, and s es Medical C Assembly u t Facilities, a 5.3.5 i) c) to p of <i>building</i> edical office	Centres, Plac similar uses; a Offices, Manuf ses include Pl and similar use read: ys on the same	es of n Industrial or acturing, and laces of es. e <i>lot</i> containing a	

		Amend Section 5.3.2 to add		
		Type or Nature of Use		
		Multiple-Unit Buildings within Employment Zones	The aggregate of: • 1 parking space per 45 m2 of gross floor area up to 1860 m ² GFA; • 1 parking space per 90 m2 of gross floor area from 1861 m ² to 3720 m ² GFA; • 1 parking space per 185 m2 of gross floor area greater than 3720 m ² GFA	
Driveways	Driveways that	Add within Section 5.5:	Recognizes and	
that straddle	are across the property line for	Notwithstanding any other pro	permits shared driveways.	
property lines	two properties are common in town, but the by-law is silent on them. A shared driveway permits a more efficient design.	driveway or an access shared permitted. Compliance with a for a driveway or an access p be based upon the entire wid		
Offices	Permitted uses in	Amend Section 6.5.1 to:		Allows offices on
	the EM, EG, and EH zones related	Delete Accessory Office as a	all streets in EM and EG zones.	
	to offices suggest that offices are		Allows accessory	
	only allowed on	Amend Section 6.5.1 (*8) to	read:	offices in EH zones to a
	major roads, and accessory offices	Permitted as a principal use in	quarter of the	

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	are only allowed in EH zones. This would prohibit accessory offices in many of the areas of the employment lands.	Within the EH zone, is permitted only as an accessory use and shall not exceed 25% of the GFA of the premises.	floor area.
Day Nurseries	The governing provincial legislation related to day nurseries has changed and the zoning by-law references out-of- date legislation.	Amend the definition of Day Nursery to read: Day Nursery Means a <i>premises</i> where more than 5 children are provided with temporary care and/or guidance for a continuous period not exceeding 24 hours and is licensed in accordance with the Child Care and Early Years Act or its successor legislation.	Updates legislation reference.